How to turn off airplane mode on locked android

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How to turn off airplane mode when phone is locked. How to turn off airplane mode lock screen. How to turn off airplane mode on locked android phone. How to take phone off airplane mode when locked. How do i turn my airplane mode off when it's locked.

Tap Settings > Network & internet > Airplane Mode to switch it on or off. Swipe down from your home screen and tap Airplane Mode to switch it on or off. Airplane Mode to switch it on o looks at the benefits of doing so and why you might need to. Turning on Airplane mode on an Android phone is a fairly straightforward process if you know where to look. Here are two ways to do this. Follow the same steps to switch it off again. One way to turn Airplane Mode on is via Settings. Tap Settings. Tap Network & internet. Tap the toggle next to Airplane Mode. The phone is now in Airplane Mode. Alternatively, you can also switch on Airplane Mode to switch it on. Your phone is now in Airplane Mode to switch it on. Your phone is now in Airplane Mode to switch on Airplane Mode to switch on Airplane Mode to switch it on. switches off all your Android phone's Bluetooth, Wi-Fi, cellular, and data connections. It's called Airplane Mode because airlines require you to turn off these connections while taking off and landing. However, there are other benefits too. Here's a look at them. It saves battery life. Switching to Airplane mode can conserve your phone battery life. Granted, you're not able to do much with your phone in Airplane mode, such as taking calls or using the internet, but if you need it to last, you can regularly switch between the two modes. It can reset your connection. Sometimes, your connection will drop out for no reason. Flicking Airplane Mode on then off again often fixes the problem. You get some peace and quiet. Feeling overwhelmed by notifications but don't want to switch your phone off? Airplane Mode on an Android phone looks mostly the same as when you have a connection to the outside world. The only difference is your phone will display Airplane Mode and a picture of an airplane in the top corner of your screen. Other than that, it's the same, and your experience won't differ. It's even possible to switch Wi-Fi back on while still keeping Airplane mode. That's mainly because having your data connection switched off saves battery life, and it turns off the antenna, so it's not looking for a signal. It's also helpful sometimes to be disconnected from the world for a signal. It's also helpful sometimes to be disconnected from the world for a signal. switched on, so you avoid paying any international fees by mistake. Remember to enable Wi-Fi while keeping cellular data disabled by using Airplane Mode? If you have an app that adds extra features to Airplane Mode? If you have an app that adds extra features to Airplane Mode? reboot your device. If your phone is still stuck in Airplane Mode, it may be unable to connect to a cellular network. What music app is best to use in Airplane Mode if you're a Spotify Premium subscriber. Groove Music, LiveOne, and YouTube Music offer similar features for premium users. How do I find a lost Android phone in Airplane Mode? Thanks for letting us know! Get the Latest Tech News Delivered Every Day Subscribe Tell us why! You can control airplane mode, tethering, VPN, private DNS, and other network settings for your phone. Change a network or internet setting Open your phone's Settings app. Tap Network & internet. Tap the setting you want to change. Available network & internet settings Connections Wi-Fi Mobile network Wi-Fi, mobile networks, and Bluetooth are all turned off. Tips: Private DNS Important: By default, your phone uses Private DNS. We recommend keeping Private DNS on or off, or change its settings: Open your phone's Settings app. Tap Network & internet Private DNS. Pick your option: Off Automatic Private DNS provider hostname Tip: Private DNS helps secure only DNS questions and answers. It can't protect anything else. Adaptive connectivity. Contact your carrier for details. Adaptive connectivity turns on 5G only when your app needs increased speed, like when you stream or download videos. To turn Adaptive connectivity on or off. Tip: To save battery power, turn on Adaptive connectivity. Related resources Overview This guide will walk you through creating an EMDK For Android application that will use some new MX features introduced in EMDK for Android API to perform device configurations. MX represents a suite of Enterprise Features on top of standard, commercially available Android Open Source Project. So this tutorial will focus on configuring Power Key Manager parameters such as Airplane Mode, Touch Panel, Safe Mode and Auto Screen Lock using Power Key Manager feature of Mx. The PowerKey Manager feature allows your application to control which options appear on the device. Out of different available power key manager feature allows your application to control which options appear on the device. tutorial to disable the "Airplane Mode" option from the Power Key Manager Tutorial" as the project name for this tutorial. 2. This feature requires Zebra device with Android KitKat 4.4. Start by creating a new Android Studio project. Adding The Power Key Manager Profile Feature Click here to see how to add a specific feature to the Profile Manager. Provide "PowerKeyProfile" as the Profile Name for this tutorial. Note: You can provide any Profile Name for this tutorial. Note: You can provide any Profile Name for this tutorial. left hand side of the Profile Editor window. Select the "Power Key Manager" feature from the list and click "Right Arrow". Provide some name in the "Name" field is used to identify each feature, which is required when editing features programmatically. You can also keep the "Name" field empty. Power Key Manager allows you to configure following options in the Menu Option: Airplane Mode - Select whether the Airplane Mode option should appear on the Power Key Menu. Safe Mode - Select whether the Safe Mode option should appear on the Power Key Menu. Menu. Auto Screen Lock Option - Select whether Power button instantly Locks option should appear on Settings UI. Auto Screen Lock State - Select whether screen lock should automatically be required if the device is powered OFF using the Power Key. So as discussed, we will disable the "Airplane Mode" option from the Power Key Menu through Profile Manager Wizard using Power Key Manager feature of Mx. By doing so, the user will not be able to access Airplane Mode option unless it is enabled back through Profile Manager. So click on "Airplane Mode option unless it is enabled back through Profile Manager." Click Finish and your Power Key profile for disabling Airplane Mode Menu Option is created. Click "Close". Note: Now the "EMDKConfig.xml" is created under "\assets" folder. This file will contain a definition of all of your profiles that you create. You can inspect the EMDKConfig.xml to see it is reflecting the changes made to the parameters via EMDK Profile Manager GUI earlier. However, it is advised that this file not be manually updated and only be controlled via the Profile Manager. Enabling Android Permissions for 'com.symbol.emdk.permission.EMDK': Then you must enable the library: When done, your manifest.xml should look like: Adding Some Code Now we will start to add some code. First you must add references to the libraries: import com.symbol.emdk.*; import com.symbol.emdk.*; import com.symbol.emdk.*; as well as instance objects of EMDKManager and Profile Manager with a status variable while applying the profile. Some of the variables are used to hold the name, type and description in case of any errors. These variables are used to hold the name, type and description in case of any errors. both should be identical. // Assign the profile name used in EMDKConfig.xml private String profileName = "PowerKeyProfile"; // Declare a variable to store EMDKManager object private EMDKManager = null; // Contains the parm-error name (sub-feature that has error) private String errorName = ""; // Contains the characteristic-error type (Root feature that has error) private String errorDescription = ""; // contains status of the profile operation private String status = ""; // contains the error description for parm or characteristic error. private String errorDescription = ""; // contains status of the profile operation private String status = ""; // contains the error description for parm or characteristic error. private String errorDescription = ""; // contains the error description = method, we call getEMDKManager so that the EMDK can be initialized and checked to see if it is ready. //The EMDKManager.getEMDKManager.getEMDKManager.getEMDKManager.getEMDKManager if (results.statusCode == EMDKResults.STATUS CODE.SUCCESS) { // EMDKManager object creation success } else { // EMDKManager object creation failed } So far your code should look like: Now we need to use the onOpened method to get a reference to the EMDKListener interface will trigger this event when the EMDK is ready to be used. The EMDKListener interface must be implemented in order to get a reference to the EMDKManager APIs. This event will pass the EMDKManager instance of ProfileManager and assign it to the global variable profileManager. This is how we will interface with the APIs in the rest of the code: Note: Rename the argument of onOpened method from arg0 to emdkManager = emdkManager = emdkManager = emdkManager = emdkManager = emdkManager = emdkManager object to process the profiles profileManager = emdkManager = emdkManag (ProfileManager) emdkManager .getInstance(EMDKManager.FEATURE TYPE.PROFILE); Now that we have a reference to ProfleManager, we use it to install and activate the profile method. We could have also performed this action at a different time, say when someone pressed a button, but we chose to do it as soon as the EMDK was ready: if (profileManager != null) { String[] modifyData = new String[1]; // Call processProfile with profile name and SET flag to create the profile. The modifyData can be null. EMDKResults results = profileManager.processProfile(profileName, ProfileManager.PROFILE_FLAG.SET, modifyData); if (results.statusCode == EMDKResults.STATUS CODE.CHECK XML) { } else { // Show dialog of Failure alertDialog.Builder builder = new AlertDialog.Builder(this); builder.setTitle("Failure"); alert = builder.create(); alert.show(); } This processProfile method returns the result of applying a particular profile was the result of applying a particular profile was check XML and then we go on and parse the response to get further details whether the profile was

applied successfully or not. Otherwise we display a Failure message in a dialog. Note: 1. There is a difference between processfully. Note: 2. If the status is other than CHECK_XML, we are simply displaying a failure message. You can actually go ahead and check different types of status and display the appropriate message accordingly, which is not in the scope of this sample tutorial. In case of CHECK_XML status, We retrieve XML response as a String String statusXMLResponse = results.getStatusString(); Further, we would parse this XML response string using XML Pull Parser in order to get the status and error parameters if any. XML Pull Parser is an interface that defines parsing functionality provided in XMLPULL V1 API (visit this website to learn more about API and its implementations). In the parsing we would be looking for specific status tags (Error Name, Error Type and Error Description) in case of any errors and if found, we would get those values in the respective global variables that we have declared in previous step. try { // Create instance of XML Pull Parser (); // Provide the string response to the String Reader that reads // for the parser parser.setInput(new StringReader(statusXMLResponse)); // Call method to parse the response parseXML (parser); } catch (XmlPullParserException e) { e.printStackTrace(); } Note: Here we have called the method in the next step. Once the response is parsed, we would display the result of applying this profile in a dialog by calling displayResults method, which we would declare in coming steps. // Method call to display results in a dialog displayResults(); Your complete onOpened method should now look like: You will see few errors as we have not declared the respective methods to parse the response and display result. Lets do it one by one. In this step, we will create a method parseXML that uses XML Pull Parser to parse the XML string response and set the status and error parameters if any. In the reponse, we are supposed to capture name and desc for characteristic-error tag in case of any errors. // Method to parse the XML response using XML Pull Parser public void parseXML(XmlPullParser myParser) { int event; try { event = myParser.getEventType(); while (event != XmlPullParser.END_DOCUMENT) { String name = myParser.getName(); switch (event) { case XmlPullParser.START_TAG: // Get Status, error name and description in case of // parm-error if (name.equals("parm-error")) { status = "Failure"; errorName = myParser.getAttributeValue(null, "name"); errorDescription = myParser.getAttributeValue(null, "type"); errorDescription = myParser.getAttributeValue(null, "type"); errorDescription = myParser.getAttributeValue(null, "desc"); } break; case XmlPullParser.END TAG: break; } event = myParser.next(); } } catch (Exception e) { e.printStackTrace(); } } catch (Exception e) { e.printStackTrace(); } } catch (Exception e) { e.printStackTrace(); } } Before displaying the results, we should form the content of the result to be shown first, specifically in case of errors. This could be done by creating buildFailureMessage method. In this method, the error message in case of error is formed using following way: Name and description of error if the response contains parm-error. Type and description of error if the response contains characteristic-error. Name, type and description of error if the response contains both parm-error and characteristic-error. The buildFailureMessage method would have following code to match the above mentioned criteria. // Method to build failure message that contains name, type and // description of respective error (parm, characteristic or both) public String buildFailureMessage = ""; if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(errorName)) failureMessage = errorName + ":" + "" + errorDescription; else if (!TextUtils. else failureMessage = errorType + ":" + "" + errorDescription; return failureMessage method should look like: In this step, we will add display Results method to display Results method to display the result of profile operation in a dialog. The dialog would display status as Success or Failure with corresponding message based on the response of profile operation. // Method to display results (Status, Error Name, Error Type, Error // Description) in a // dialog public void displayResults() { // Alert Dialog.Builder = new AlertDialog.Builder (MainActivity.this); if (TextUtils.isEmpty(errorDescription)) { alertDialogBuilder.setTitle("Success"); alertDialogBuilder.setMessage("Profile Successfully Applied..."); } else { // set title alertDialogBuilder.setTitle(status); // call buildFailureMessage() method to set failure message in // dialog alertDialogBuilder.setTitle(status); // call buildFailureMessage(); } alertDialogBuilder.setCancelable(false).setPositiveButton("OK", new DialogInterface.OnClickListener() { public void onClick(DialogInterface dialog, int id) { } }); // create alert dialog AlertDialog.show(); } The method displayResults should look like: You can see that all the errors are gone. Now let's override the "onDestroy" method so we can release the EMDKManager resources: @Override protected void onDestroy() { // TODO Auto-generated method stub super.onDestroy(); //Clean up the objects created by EMDK manager emdkManager.release(); } Your onDestroy method should now look like this: That's it!!! We are done with all the coding and configuration part that will let us disable Airplane Mode Power Key Menu Option through Profile Manager Wizard using Power Key Manager feature of Mx. Running the Application Connect the device is in USB debugging enabled). Note: Make sure the device is in USB debugging enabled. Note: Make sure the device is in USB debugging enabled. and make sure it is enabled. Go to device's Settings -> More... and you can see that Airplane Mode Power Key Menu Option is enabled, which means user can edit it. Run the application. You can see an Alert Dialog with a success message. Note: In case of any errors, you will see a Failure status with respective error message in that dialog. We will now see the status of "Airplane Mode" in the settings. So go to device's Settings -> More... and you would see that "Airplane Mode" has been disabled by MX Admin through Profile Manager Wizard using Power Key Manager. You can enable this option again through Profile Manager Wizard using Power Key Manager. Manager lets us configure Airplane Mode Power Key Menu Option on Zebra devices using Profile Wizard. Important Programming Tips Perform the following changes in the application's AndroidManifest.xml file: //Include the permission for EMDK: //Use the EMDK library: :::xml Use DataWedge v1.7.12 or higher version to test the ProfileManager.processProfile() method for DataWedge profiles. What's Next Now that you have learned how to disable Airplane Mode Power Key Manager on your Zebra devices through applications, let us try to understand and implement some of the other new MX features introduced in EMDK for Android V 3.1. So in the next tutorial, we will concentrate on the "SD Card Manager" feature of MX and try to explore this feature by creating a tutorial.

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